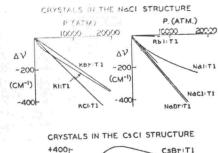
was due to impurities in alkali halide crystals

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Charil	Impurity	Peak (Å)	Ref. No.	Max. pressure (atm.)
No. C. T.	Thallium Thallium Thallium	2540 2670 2930	8 8 8	50000 127000 50000
144	Thallium	2475 2610	8	50000 130000
1,30	Thallium Thallium	2870	8	129500
10 Pr	Thallium Thallium	2590 2860	8	94000 110000
191 Olle	Thallium	2630	8	158000 118000
##K1 0-2KBr	Thallium Thallium	2990 2858	_	124000
**KI 0.4KBr	Thallium Thallium	2836 2810		50000 50000
*4K1 0.6KBr *2K1/0.8KBr	Thallium	2708 2815	- 9	50000 120500
KCI KBr	Indium Indium	2930	10	131000
KBr	Bismuth Lead	3712 2740	11	114000 131000
NiCl NaBr	Lead	3040	11 -	111500
NaI KCI	Lead Lead	3578 2730	11	140000
KBr	Lead Lead	3020 3542	11	170000 130500
KI RbCl	Lead	2720	11	50000 120000
RbBr RbI	Lead Lead	3004 3541	_	5000
CsCl	Lead Lead	2849 3705	_	89000 50000
CsI NH <sub>4</sub> Br	Lead	3077	_	143000
NH <sub>4</sub> I KCl	Lead Copper	3580 2650	12	50000
KBr	(ic) Copper (ic)	2650	12	117000
	j	J		

ions next to the impurity produce at most a perturbation on the system, but not a first-order effect. This is consistent with the Seitz model, but inconsistent with the complex ion model.

At phase transitions, such as occur in the potassium halides at around 20,000 atm, a discontinuous shift in the A-band frequency is observed. These shifts are to lower energies for the alkali iodides and to higher energies for the alkali bromides or chlorides. This is possibly related to the much stronger spin-orbital interaction



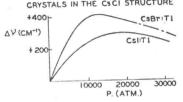


Fig. 2. Initial frequency shift vs. pressure—ten alkali halides activated by Tl<sup>+</sup>.

of the iodide ion, compared to the chloride or bromide.

A study was made to determine if varying the impurity concentration affected the pressure shift of the impurity spectra. Thallium activated potassium iodide, in concentrations from  $2\times 10^{-1}$  per cent to  $4\times 10^{-3}$  per cent was used for the study. No dependence on concentration was observed.

Measurements have been made of the spectra of several mixed crystals of potassium bromide and potassium iodide, activated by thallium, and of the effect of pressure on this spectra. The spectral

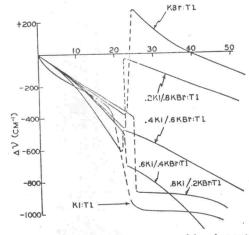


Fig. 3. The effect of pressure on A-band spectra in mixed crystals of KI:Tl and KBr:Tl.

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